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APPLICATION NO.	FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/006,752	1	11/08/2001	Yee Loy Lam	774-010704-US(PAR) 2535	
2512	7590	03/26/2004		EXAMINER	
PERMAN .	& GREE	N		PETKOVSEI	C, DANIEL J
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FAIRFIELD, CT 06824				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				2874	

DATE MAILED: 03/26/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/006,752	LAM ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Daniel J Petkovsek	2874	
The MAILING DATE of this communication apporeriod for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence addres	ss
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	6(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this commu O (35 U.S.C. § 133).	nication.
Status			
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>amental</u> 2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This 3) Since this application is in condition for allowant closed in accordance with the practice under Expression.	action is non-final. ce except for formal matters, pro		erits is
Disposition of Claims			
4) Claim(s) 2-11 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 2-11 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or			·
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) access Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction of the original transfer of the correction of the original transfer of the correction of the correction of the original transfer of the correction of the corre	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See on is required if the drawing(s) is obj	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Sta	ge
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date 5. Patent and Trademark Office	6) Other:		

Brian Healy
Primary Examiner

DETAILED ACTION

This office action is in response to the amendment received December 29, 2003. In accordance with the amendment, claims 2-4 have been amended. Claims 2-11 are currently pending in the application.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 2-11 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable Zhou et al. US 2003/0044118 A1, and further in view of Lee U.S.P. No. 6,411,764.

Zhou et al. US 2003/0044118 A1 teaches (Fig. 6, [0025]-[0031]) an optical system (inherently including a support/bench/substrate for proper functionality) for coupling light between an optical device 620 and an optical fiber 630, comprising an integral spot size converter 610 (with upper waveguide with reducing taper and non-tapering lower waveguide) comprised of two waveguides dimensioned to couple light from one waveguide to another, in order to couple light from the device 620 to the fiber 630. It is inherent that in a device of this size, that an aligning feature is required and is essential to ensure proper coupling/precision between the initially separate device and the fiber (also see [0030], [0031]).

Zhou et al. '118 does not explicitly teach the bench has a unitary construction (i.e. one piece integrated means of the spot-size converter and alignment means). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to make an

optical bench including integral components (such as spot-size converter, alignment means, etc.) for the purpose of making the apparatus smaller and more efficiently functioning, such as making the device in one integrated substrate. The use of a one-piece construction instead of the structure disclosed in would be merely a matter of obvious engineering choice (In re Larson, 340 F.2d 965, 968, 144 USPQ 347, 349 (CCPA 1965)).

Zhou et al. '118 does not explicitly teach that the integral spot size converter has a vertically spaced distance between the two waveguides. Lee et al. '764 teaches (ABS, claims) a double core spot size converter for coupling light between an optical device and optical fiber that includes a spot size converter including a spacer region separating the two waveguiding regions.

Since Zhou et al. '118 and Lee et al. '764 are both from the same field of endeavor, the purpose of having a spacer region (or cladding) in the integral spot size converter of Lee et al. '764 would have been recognized in the pertinent art of Zhou et al. '118.

It would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to use a number of well known spot size converters (such as the converter containing a spacer/cladding region between the waveguides of Lee et al. '764) for the same purpose disclosed by Zhou et al. '118, coupling light between an optical device and an optical fiber.

Regarding claim 2, the system is silicon based. Regarding claims 6-10, alignment features are inherent or described in listed paragraphs of Zhou et al. '118. Regarding claim 11, Zhou et al. '118 does not explicitly teach that the optical device is a semi-conductor edge emitting waveguide device. Since semi-conductor edge emitting waveguides are well known

optical elements in the art, it would have been obvious to combine any emitting waveguiding device to the alignment apparatus of Zhou et al. '118 for efficient coupling of an optical device to an optical fiber.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments filed December 29, 2003 have been fully considered but they are 3. not persuasive. Applicant traverses the rejections to claims 2-11 by stating that Zhou et al. '118 does not disclose or suggest the use of an integral spot-size converter in at least a portion of unitary construction. This argument is not persuasive, as fully addressed in the 35 U.S.C. 103 (a) rejections of claims 2-11 above. It would have been obvious to a person having ordinary skill in the art to have "at least a portion of unitary construction" to either integrate, make smaller, or make more efficiently the device of Zhou et al. '118.

Conclusion

- The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's 4. disclosure with respect to the state of the art of integrated spot-size converters: PTO-892 form references A and B.
- Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this 5. Office action. Accordingly, THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period

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will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Daniel J Petkovsek whose telephone number is (571) 272-2355. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8:30-5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Rodney Bovernick can be reached on (571) 272-2344. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Daniel J'Petkovsek

Examiner Art Unit 2874

March 17, 2004

Brian Healy Primary Examiner

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